TEST: ANTI-PHOSPHOLIPID ANTIBODIES PANEL

PRINCIPLE:
Several diseases have been correlated with the presence of antibodies to phospholipids, particularly cardiolipin. With the development of sensitive methods for the estimation of various anti-phospholipid antibodies (among which anti-cardiolipin antibodies are the most frequently assayed), the clinical associations of these antibodies with thromboembolic disease, thrombocytopenia, SLE, or even recurrent spontaneous abortions (fetal loss) have become apparent. The association of a biological false-positive test for syphilis, lupus anticoagulant, and anti-cardiolipin antibodies has been demonstrated. A solid-phase ELISA assay for anti-cardiolipin antibodies and other anti-phospholipid antibodies is both sensitive and semi-quantitative.

SPECIMEN REQUIREMENTS:
2 ml serum collected in a red top tube with no additive or in a serum separator tube (gel barrier). Keep at room temperature or frozen (see below). Serum may be separated from the clot. Minimum volume needed is 200 μl.
If not tested or sent within 24 hours, spin clotted blood at 1600 rpm for 10 minutes. Separate serum and freeze at -70°C or below. Send frozen serum on dry ice. Do not freeze in self-defrosting freezers. Avoid repeated freeze-thawing.

METHOD:
Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA).

REFERENCES:

Normal Range: Negative
Results are reported as negative, borderline, positive or high positive
Borderline: > 2 SD of the mean
Positive: > 3 SD of the mean
High Positive: > 7 SD of the mean

Anti-phospholipid antibody panel includes:
- Anti-cardiolipin antibody
- Anti-phosphatidylserine antibody
- Anti-phosphatidylethanolamine antibody
- Anti-phosphatidic acid antibody
- Anti-phosphatidylglycerol antibody
- Anti-phosphatidylinositol antibody

Each tested with IgG/IgM/IgA antibodies (total 18 antibodies in the panel)

Turnaround Time: 7-10 business days